



ONDE VIVES? (WHERE DO YOU LIVE?)



"Urban street landscape retro residential buildings" (upklyak, Freepik)



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1. VOCABULARIO DA VIVENDA (HOUSING VOCABULARY)

Types of Housing



BLOCK OF FLATS
BLOQUE DE EDIFICIOS



TERRACED HOUSES
CASAS ADOSADAS



DETACHED HOUSE
CASA UNIFAMILIAR



VILLA
CHALÉ



SKYSCRAPER
RAÑACEOS



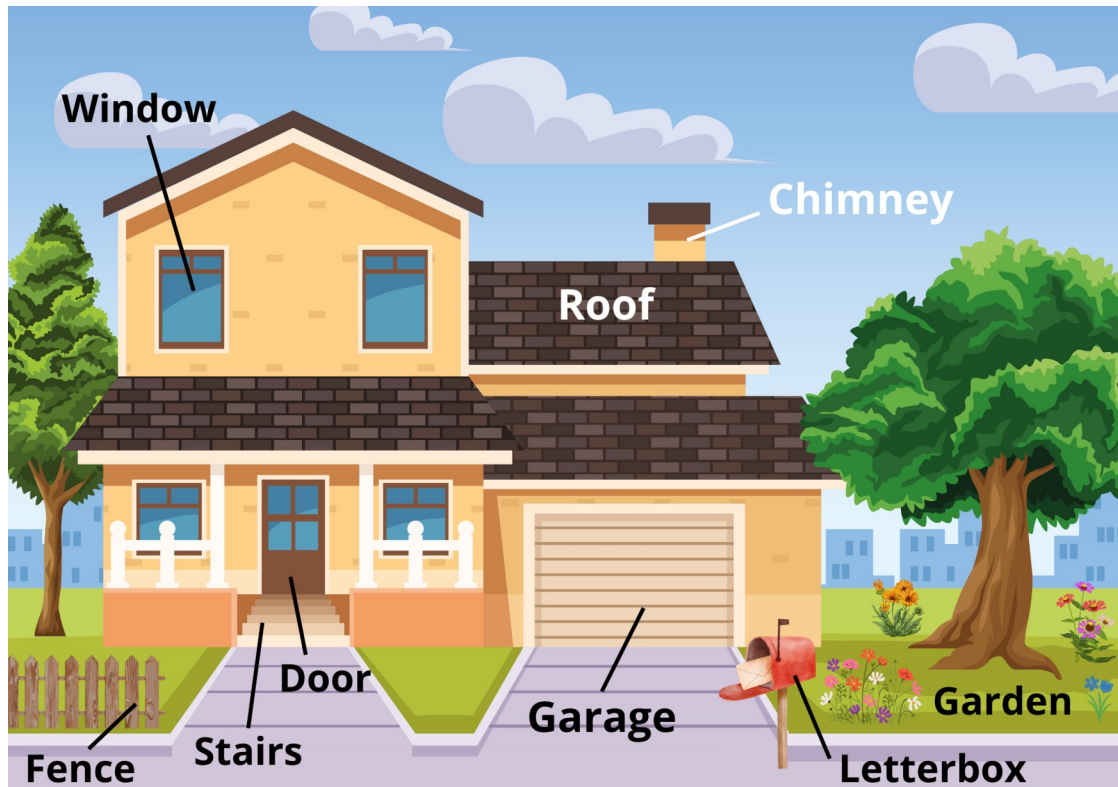
COTTAGE
CASA DE CAMPO



CAMPER VAN
AUTOCARAVANA



TENT
TENDA DE CAMPAÑA



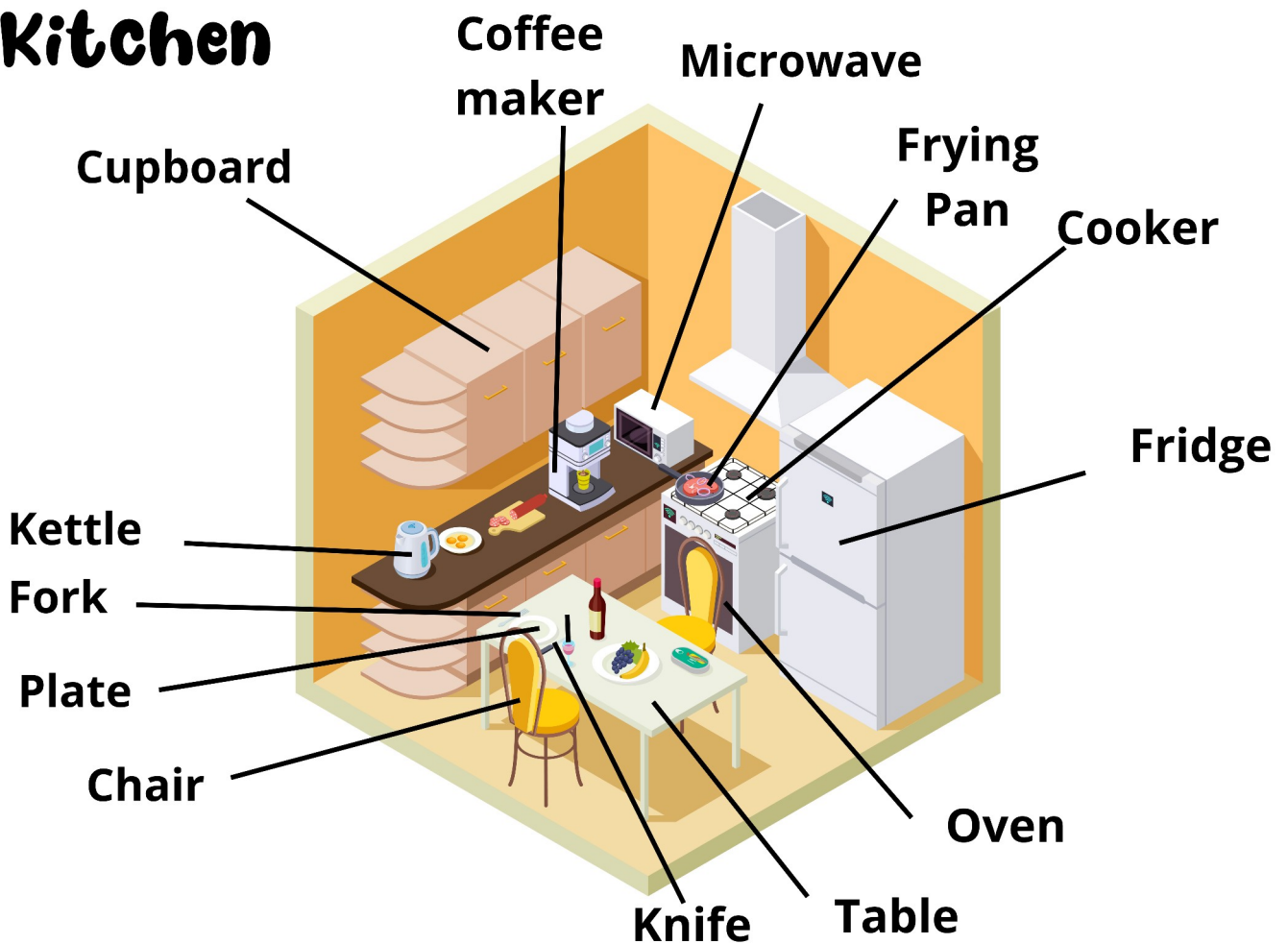


Hall

Laundry room

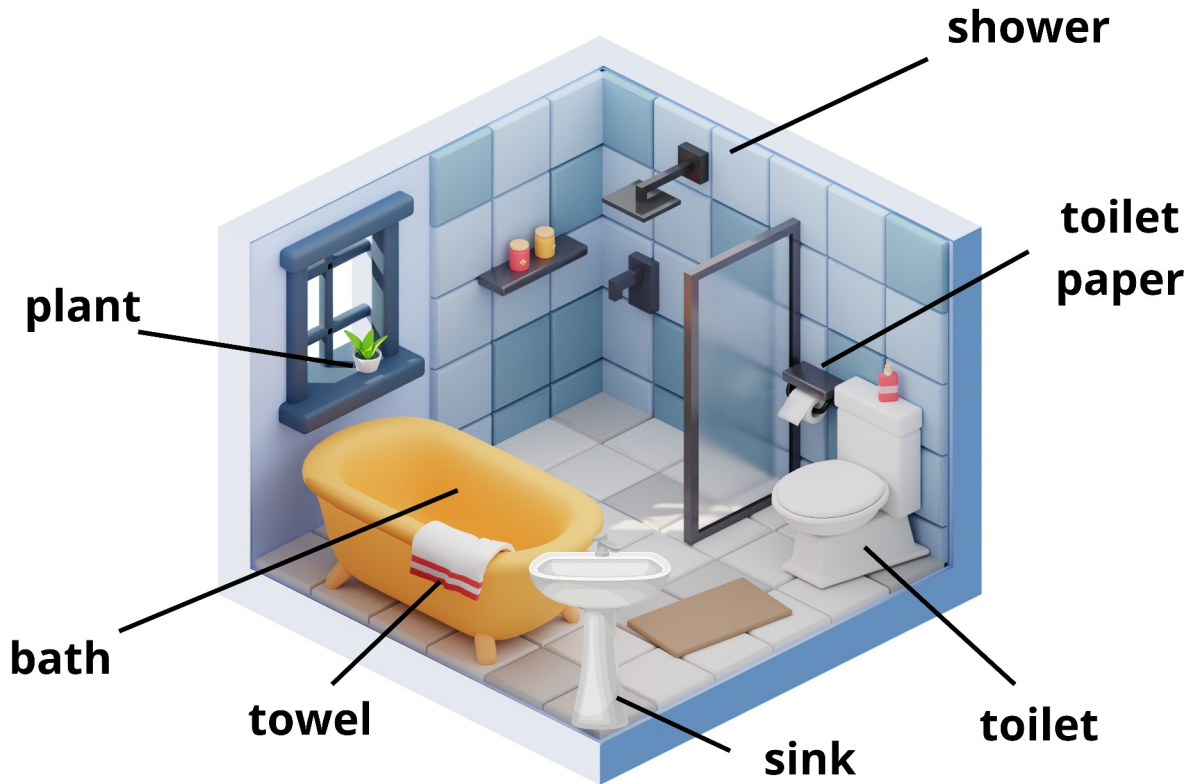


Kitchen

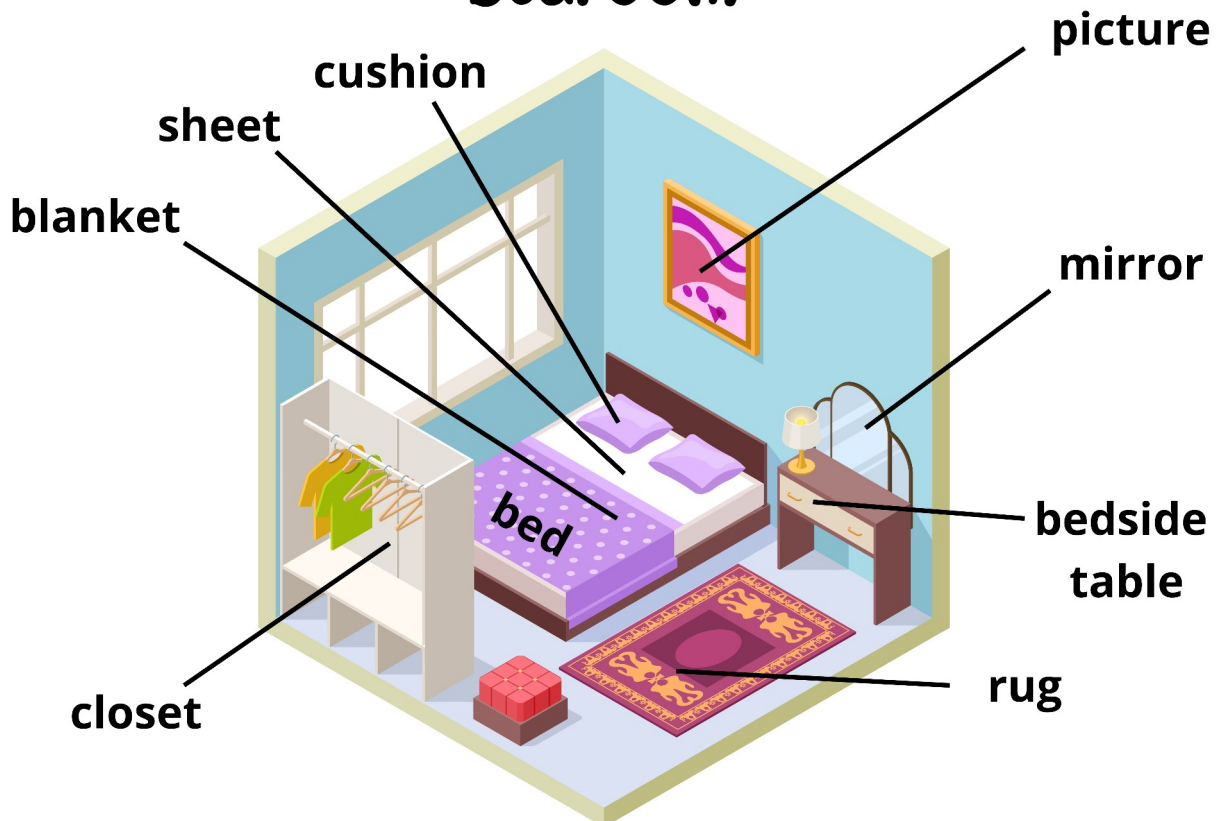




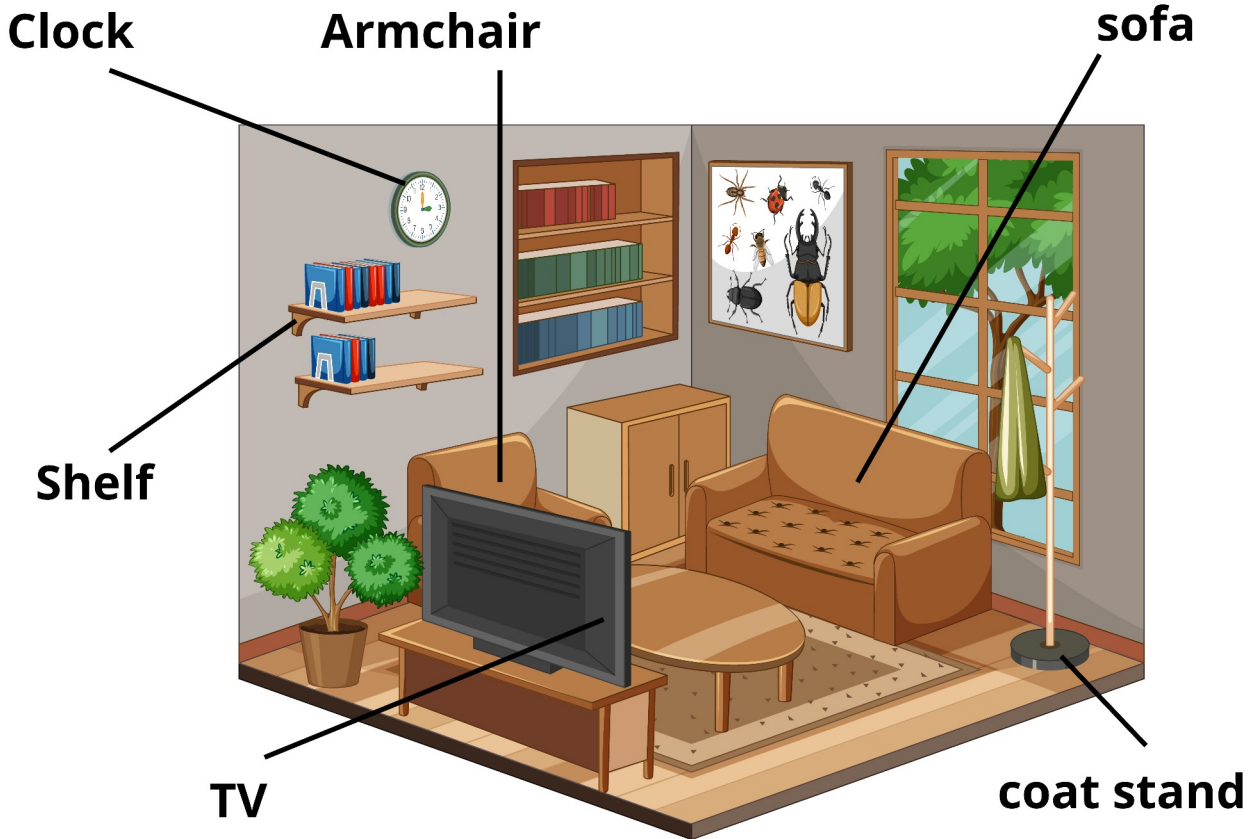
Bathroom



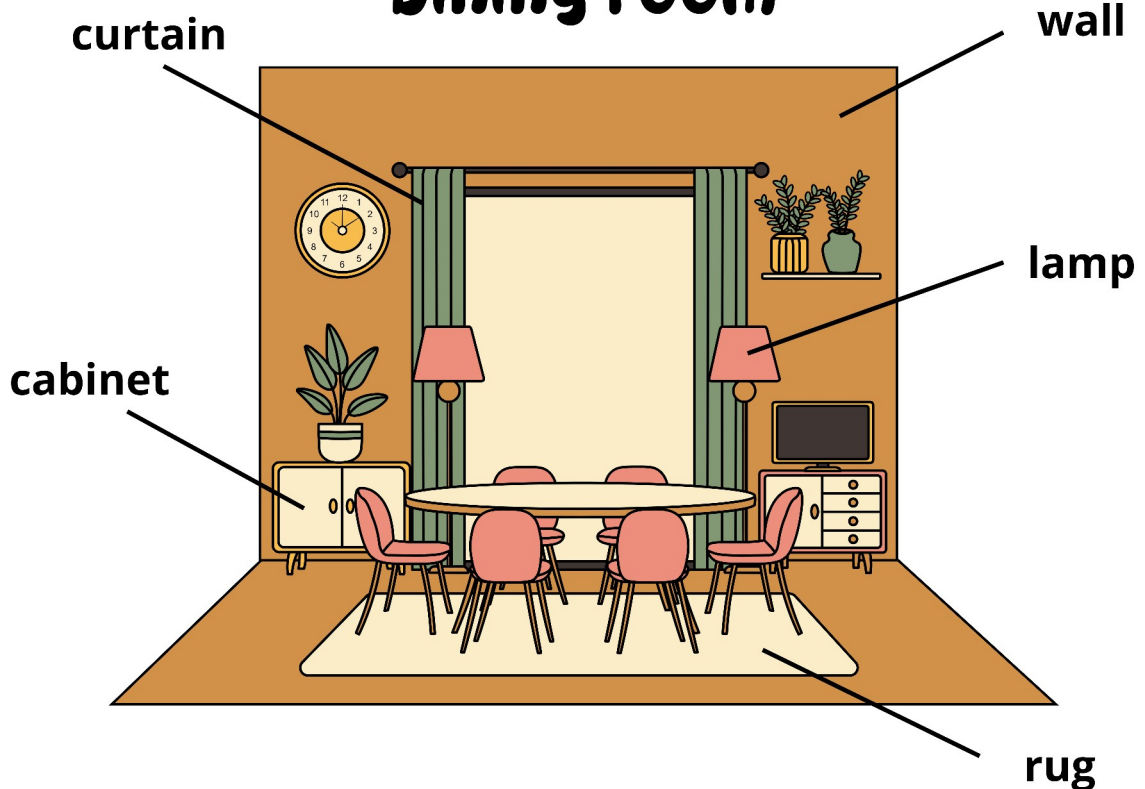
Bedroom



Living room



Dining room



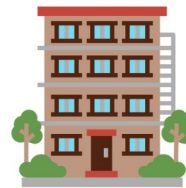
Elaboración propia basada en recursos con licencia de uso



EXERCICIOS

Exercicio 1

Identifica as seguintes imaxes (*Identify the following pictures*):



Elaboración propia baseada en recursos con licenza de uso

Exercicio 2

Clasifica os seguintes textos na categoría que corresponda (*Classify the following words into the corresponding category*):

garden

TV

curtains

bathroom

camper van

washing machine

detached house

fence

cabinet

living room

kitchen

glass

mirror

block of flats

lamp

letterbox

armchair

microwave

TYPES OF HOUSING

ROOMS IN THE HOUSE

THINGS IN YOUR HOUSE

OUTSIDE YOUR HOUSE

APPLIANCES

TYPES OF HOUSING	ROOMS IN THE HOUSE	THINGS IN YOUR HOUSE	OUTSIDE YOUR HOUSE	APPLIANCES

2. PREPOSICIÓNS DE LUGAR (PREPOSITIONS OF PLACE)



Elaboración propia basada en recursos con licenza de uso

EXERCICIOS

Exercicio 3

Completa coa preposición correcta (*Complete with the correct preposition*):

- The books are _____ (enriba) the table _____ (ao lado) the vase.
- The cat is hiding _____ (detrás) the sofa.
- There is a lamp _____ (á dereita) the desk.
- The fridge is _____ (en) the kitchen.
- The bathroom is _____ (entre) the bedroom and the living room.
- The shoes are _____ (debaixo) the bed, _____ (fóra) their box.
- The sofa is _____ (diante) the window.
- The TV is _____ (ao lado) the armchair.
- The mirror is _____ (en fronte) you.

3. DESCRICIÓN DE LUGARES (*DESCRIBING PLACES*)

DESCRIBING PLACES			
			
BIG - SMALL (grande - pequeno/a)	OLD - NEW (vello/a - novo/a)	BRIGHT - DIM (Luminoso/a - pouco luminoso/a)	CHEAP - EXPENSIVE (barato/a - caro/a)
			
COMFORTABLE - UNCOMFORTABLE (cómodo/a - incómodo/a)	COZY - UNPLEASANT (acolledor/a - desagradable)	CLEAN - DIRTY (limpo/a - sucio/a)	MODERN - OLD-FASHIONED (moderno/a - anticuado/a)

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EXERCICIOS

Exercicio 4

Une os adxectivos cos seus contrarios (*Match the opposites*):

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| a) Bright | 1. Clean |
| b) Unpleasant | 2. Expensive |
| c) Dirty | 3. Dim |
| d) Old-fashioned | 4. Cozy |
| e) Cheap | 5. Modern |

Exercicio 5

Escoita a Libby describindo a súa casa e responde as seguintes cuestións (*Listen to Libby describing her house and then answer the following questions*):



1. Circle the rooms Libby has in her house:

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| a) Kitchen | d) garage |
| b) Living room | e) bedroom |
| c) Dining room | f) bathroom |

2. How is Laura's bedroom? (*Choose two options*)

- a) big
- b) small
- c) bright
- d) cozy

3. What furniture does Laura have in her bedroom? (*Name 3 pieces of furniture*)

4. What does her mum love doing?

- a) Watching TV
- b) Cleaning the house
- c) Cooking

5. What room is next to the kitchen?

6. What does Laura do in the garden? (*Write two things.*)

7. What does Laura think about her house?

4. O PRESENTE CONTINUO (PRESENT CONTINUOUS)

O presente continuo emprégase para designar as **accións que se están a desenvolver no momento en que se fala**, por iso adoitan ir acompañadas de expresión de tempo do tipo: *at the moment* (neste momento), *now* (agora), *right now* (agora mesmo), etc.

A estrutura que segue é a seguinte: **SUXEITO + AM/IS/ARE + VERBO** (rematado en **-ING**)

A forma afirmativa conxúgase coa forma correspondente do verbo *to be* en presente e o verbo en cuestión na súa forma de xerundio, é dicir, coa terminación “-ing”.

As normas que se utilizan para engadir a terminación “-ing” ao verbo son as seguintes:

- Regla xeral: **V + ING** → *draw* (debuxar) – *drawing* (debuxando)
- Verbos rematados en ‘-y’/’-ee’: **+ ING** →
fly (voar) – *flying* (voando) *see* (ver) – *seeing* (vendo)
- Verbos rematados en ‘-e’: elimínase o “e” **+ ING** → *come* (vir) – *coming* (vindo)
- Verbos rematados en ‘-ie’: cambian o “ie” por “y” **+ ING** → *tie* (atar) – *tying* (atando)
- Verbos rematados en **CONSOANTE + VOGAL + CONSOANTE**: **dobran a consoante final + ING** → *run* (correr) – *running* (correndo)

Na forma negativa simplemente se engade a partícula “NOT” despois do verbo *to be* e para construír a forma interrogativa invértese a orde do suxeito e o auxiliar (*am/is/are*), como se mostra na seguinte táboa:

+	-	?	SHORT ANSWERS
I’m sleeping (eu estou durmindo)	I’m not sleeping (non estou durmindo)	Am I sleeping? (estou durmindo?)	Yes, I am. (Si) No, I’m not. (Non)
You’re sleeping (ti estás durmindo)	You aren’t sleeping (non estás durmindo)	Are you sleeping? (estás durmindo?)	Yes, you are. (Si) No, you aren’t. (Non)
He/She/It’s sleeping (el/ela está durmindo)	He/She/It isn’t sleeping (non está durmindo)	Is he/she/it sleeping? (está durmindo?)	Yes, he/she/it is. (Si) No, he/she/it isn’t. (Non)
We’re sleeping (nós estamos durmindo)	We aren’t sleeping (non estamos durmindo)	Are we sleeping? (estamos durmindo?)	Yes, we are. (Si) No, we aren’t. (Non)
You’re sleeping (vós estades durmindo)	You aren’t sleeping (non estades durmindo)	Are you sleeping? (estades durmindo?)	Yes, you are. (Si) No, you aren’t. (Non)
They’re sleeping (eles/as están durmindo)	They aren’t sleeping (non están durmindo)	Are they sleeping? (están durmindo?)	Yes, they are. (Si) No, they aren’t. (Non)



EXERCICIOS

Exercicio 6

Forma o xerundio dos seguintes verbos (*Form the gerund of the following verbs*):

a) *cook* → _____

f) *swim* → _____

b) *wash* → _____

g) *sit* → _____

c) *make* → _____

h) *see* → _____

d) *write* → _____

i) *die* → _____

e) *run* → _____

j) *dance* → _____

Exercicio 7

Completa as oracións utilizando a forma correcta do verbo en presente continuo (*Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verb in the Present Continuous*):

a) You _____ (rest) in the garden now.

b) My friends _____ (not/watch) TV in the living room at the moment.

c) _____ your brother _____ (study) in his bedroom? Yes, _____.

d) I _____ (have) some icecream because it's really hot today.

e) He _____ (wash) the dishes at the moment.

f) We _____ (visiting) our cousin's villa.

g) I _____ (no/use) the oven right now.



SOLUCIÓNS

Exercicio 1

Kitchen – letterbox – bath – block of flats – frying pan – cabinet

Exercicio 2

TYPES OF HOUSING	ROOMS IN THE HOUSE	THINGS IN YOUR HOUSE	OUTSIDE YOUR HOUSE	APPLIANCES
Camper van, detached house, block of flats	Bathroom, living room, kitchen	Curtains, cabinet, glass, mirror, lamp, armchair	Garden, fence, letterbox, roof	TV, washing machine, microwave

Exercicio 3

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| a) on, next to | f) under, out of |
| b) behind | g) in front of |
| c) to the right of | h) next to |
| d) in | i) opposite |
| e) between | |

Exercicio 4

- a) 3 b) 4 c) 1 d) 5 e) 2

Exercicio 5

Hello! My name is Libby and I live in a big house with my family. There are six rooms in my house: a kitchen, a living room, two bedrooms, and two bathrooms.

My bedroom is upstairs. It is big and bright. I have a bed, a closet, and a small bookshelf.

The kitchen is downstairs. My mum loves cooking, so the kitchen is always clean and full of food! Next to the kitchen, there is the living room. We watch TV there every evening.



At the back of the house, there is a garden. I like reading books or playing with my dog in the garden. It is relaxing! I think my house is very comfortable and I love living here.

1. a, b, e, f.
2. a, c.
3. A bed, a closet, and a small bookshelf.
4. c
5. The living room.
6. She likes reading books or playing with her dog in the garden.
7. She thinks her house is very comfortable.

Exercicio 6

- | | |
|---|---|
| a) cook → cooking | f) swim → swimming (<i>duplícate a consoante</i>) |
| b) wash → washing | g) sit → sitting (<i>duplícate a consoante</i>) |
| c) make → making (<i>elimínase o "e"</i>) | h) see → seeing |
| d) write → writing (<i>elimínase o "e"</i>) | i) die → dying |
| e) run → running (<i>duplícate a consoante</i>) | j) dance → dancing (<i>elimínase o "e"</i>) |

Exercicio 7

- a) You are resting in the garden now.
- b) My friends aren't watching /are not watching TV in the living room at the moment.
- c) Is your brother studying in his bedroom? Yes, he is.
- d) I am having some icecream because it's really hot today.
- e) He is washing the dishes at the moment.
- f) We are visiting our cousin's villa.
- g) I am not using the oven right now.