

## Derivadas

$$1) y = 6x^3 - x^2 \rightarrow y' = 18x^2 - 2x \rightarrow y'' = 36x - 2 \rightarrow y''' = 36 \rightarrow y^{iv} = 0$$

$$2) y = \frac{x^3 - x^2 + 1}{5} \rightarrow y' = \frac{3x^2 - 2x}{5} \rightarrow y'' = \frac{6x - 2}{5} \rightarrow y''' = \frac{6}{5} \rightarrow y^{iv} = 0$$

$$3) y = 6x^{\frac{7}{2}} + 4x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 2x \rightarrow y' = 21x^{\frac{5}{2}} + 10x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 2 \rightarrow y'' = \frac{105}{2}x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 15x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$4) y = \sqrt{3x} + \sqrt[3]{x} + \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow y' = \frac{3}{2\sqrt{3x}} + \frac{1}{3\sqrt[3]{x^2}} - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$5) y = \frac{5-x}{5+x} \rightarrow y' = \frac{-10}{(5+x)^2} \rightarrow y'' = \frac{20}{(5+x)^3}$$

$$6) y = \frac{x^3}{x^2+1} \rightarrow y' = \frac{x^4+3x^2}{(x^2+1)^2}$$

$$7) y = (2x^2 - 3)^2 \rightarrow y' = 16x^3 - 24x \rightarrow y'' = 48x^2 - 24 \rightarrow y''' = 96x$$

$$8) y = \sqrt{\cos x} \rightarrow y' = \frac{-\operatorname{sen}x}{2\sqrt{\cos x}}$$

$$9) y = \operatorname{tg}(2x + \pi) \rightarrow y' = \frac{2}{\cos^2(2x + \pi)}$$

$$10) y = e^{x-3x^4} \rightarrow y' = e^{x-3x^4} \cdot (1 - 12x^3)$$

$$11) y = 7x\operatorname{sen}x \rightarrow y' = 7\operatorname{sen}x + 7x\cos x$$

$$12) y = \ln(x^3 - 5x^2) \rightarrow y' = \frac{3x^2 - 10x}{x^3 - 5x^2}$$

$$13) y = 2^{\ln x} \rightarrow y = 2^{\ln x} \cdot \ln 2 \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$14) y = 5x^3 + \sqrt{x} \rightarrow y' = 15x^2 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$15) y = e^x + e^{-x} \rightarrow y' = e^x - e^{-x} \rightarrow y'' = e^x + e^{-x}$$

$$16) y = \frac{1}{2 + \operatorname{sen}x} \rightarrow y = \frac{-\cos x}{(2 + \operatorname{sen}x)^2}$$

$$17) y = \frac{x^6}{6} + \frac{\operatorname{sen}(7x)}{7} \rightarrow y' = x^5 + \cos 7x \rightarrow y'' = 5x^4 - 7\operatorname{sen}(7x)$$

$$18) y = \cos^3 x \rightarrow y' = -3\cos^2 x\operatorname{sen}x \rightarrow y'' = 6\cos x \cdot \operatorname{sen}^2 x - 3\cos^3 x$$

$$19) y = \frac{2x-1}{(x-2)x} \rightarrow y' = \frac{-2x^2 + 2x - 2}{(x^2 - 2x)^2}$$

$$20) y = \frac{x^3 + 1}{-x^2 + 2} \rightarrow y' = \frac{-x^4 + 6x^2 + 2x}{(-x^2 + 2)^2}$$

$$21) y = \frac{x^2 + 4x}{x^2 + 3x - 4} \rightarrow y' = \frac{-x^2 - 8x - 16}{(x^2 + 3x - 4)^2}$$

$$22) y = \operatorname{sen}8x + \cos 8x \rightarrow y' = 8\cos 8x - 8\operatorname{sen}8x$$

2.-Calcula las siguientes derivadas:

$$1) f(x) = \sqrt[5]{x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{5\sqrt[5]{x^4}}$$

$$2) f(x) = 6x^2 - 3x + 8$$

$$f'(x) = 12x - 3$$

$$3) f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1}{2x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$4) f(x) = \frac{3x}{x+1}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$5) f(x) = (6x^5 + 4)\sqrt{x}$$

$$f'(x) = 30x^4\sqrt{x} + \frac{6x^5 + 4}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$6) f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$

$$7) f(x) = 8\frac{1}{x^4}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-32}{x^5}$$

$$8) f(x) = e^x \operatorname{tg} x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \cdot \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{e^x}{\cos^2 x}$$

$$9) f(x) = e^x \operatorname{sen} x \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \cdot \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x + e^x \cos^2 x - e^x \operatorname{sen}^2 x$$

$$10) f(x) = e^x \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x + e^x \cos^2 x - e^x \operatorname{sen}^2 x$$

$$11) f(x) = xe^x \ln x$$

$$f'(x) = e^x \ln x + xe^x \ln x + e^x$$

$$12) f(x) = \operatorname{sen} x \cdot \cos x$$

$$f'(x) = \cos^2 x - \operatorname{sen}^2 x$$

$$13) f(x) = e^x \operatorname{sen} x - e^x \cos x \quad f'(x) = 2e^x \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$14) f(x) = \frac{e^x}{3 \ln x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{e^x \left( \ln x - \frac{1}{x} \right)}{3 \ln^2 x}$$

$$15) f(x) = \ln x - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$16) f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{e^x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \ln x}{e^x}$$

$$17) f(x) = 4 \ln x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{x}$$

$$18) f(x) = x \ln x$$

$$f'(x) = \ln x + 1$$

$$19) f(x) = \frac{3x^3 - 6x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 3}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3x^4 + 27x^2 - 38x}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

$$20) f(x) = 8 \operatorname{tg} x + \ln x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{8}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$21) f(x) = 5x^3 \ln x$$

$$f'(x) = 15x^2 \ln x + 5x^3$$

$$22) f(x) = -7\sqrt[7]{7}$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{7\sqrt[7]{x^6}}$$

$$23) f(x) = \operatorname{sen}(x^2 + 2x) \quad f'(x) = (2x+2)\cos(x^2 + 2x)$$

$$24) f(x) = \operatorname{sen}(x+1) \quad f'(x) = \cos(x+1)$$

$$25) f(x) = \cos 4x \quad f'(x) = -4\operatorname{sen} 4x$$

$$26) f(x) = (3x^2 + 6)^7 \quad f'(x) = 7(3x^2 + 6)^6 \cdot 6x$$

$$27) f(x) = e^{4x+5} \quad f'(x) = 4e^{4x+5}$$

$$28) f(x) = \ln x^2 \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{x^2} \cdot 2x = \frac{2}{x}$$

$$29) f(x) = \ln(\sqrt{x}) \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{2x}$$

$$30) \operatorname{tg}(4x^2 + 5) \quad f'(x) = \frac{8x}{\cos^2(4x^2 + 5)}$$

$$31) f(x) = \ln(\operatorname{sen} x) \quad f'(x) = \frac{\cos x}{\operatorname{sen} x}$$

$$32) f(x) = \cos^5 x \quad f'(x) = 5\cos^4 x \cdot (-\operatorname{sen} x) = -5\cos^4 x \operatorname{sen} x$$

$$33) f(x) = \sqrt{3x^2 + 6x - 10} \quad f'(x) = \frac{6x+6}{2\sqrt{3x^2 + 6x - 10}}$$

$$34) f(x) = \ln(\ln x) \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{x \ln x}$$

$$35) f(x) = \operatorname{sen}^2 x \quad f'(x) = 2\operatorname{sen} x \cos x$$

$$36) f(x) = e^{-x^2} \quad f'(x) = -2x \cdot e^{-x^2}$$

$$37) f(x) = \frac{\operatorname{sen}^2 x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{2\operatorname{sen} x \cos x \sqrt{x^2 + 2} - \operatorname{sen}^2 x \frac{2x}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 2}}}{x^2 + 2} = \\ = \frac{2\operatorname{sen} x \cos x (x^2 + 2) - x \operatorname{sen}^2 x}{(x^2 + 2)\sqrt{x^2 + 2}}$$

$$38) f(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{\ln(x+4)} \quad f'(x) = \frac{2(x+1) \cdot \ln(x+4) - \frac{(x+1)^2}{x+4}}{[\ln(x+4)]^2}$$

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Derivadas : 1º Bachillerato científico tecnológico.

$$39) f(x) = \ln\left(\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}}\right) \quad f'(x) = \frac{-1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$40) f(x) = \ln\left(\sqrt{4x^2 - 6x}\right) \quad f'(x) = \frac{4x - 3}{4x^2 - 6x}$$

$$41) f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} \quad f'(x) = \frac{-4}{(e^x - e^{-x})^2}$$

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