### CONDITIONAL CLAUSES

1. Comienzan con **if** o **unless** = “si no”, “a menos que”, “a no ser que”: He’ll be upset if you don’t talk to him at once. (if + verbo negativo = unless + verbo positivo)

2. Cuando la oración comienza por la proposición introducida por **if**, ésta normalmente va seguida de una coma (,): If I knew her number, I’d phone her.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIPOS</th>
<th>PROP. CON IF / UNLESS</th>
<th>PROPOSICIÓN PRINCIPAL</th>
<th>EJEMPLOS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First conditional</td>
<td>Present simple</td>
<td>Will + verb (= ‘ll + verb)</td>
<td>- If I don’t hurry up, I’ll miss my first class.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Modal (can, may,...) + Verb</td>
<td>- If I am late, I may call a taxi.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Imperative</td>
<td>- Don’t say anything unless you know what you’re talking about.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Present simple (para indicar resultados habituales o automáticos)</td>
<td>- Water boils if it reaches 100ºC.</td>
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<td>(probable)</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Second conditional</td>
<td>Past simple</td>
<td>Would + verb (= ‘d + verb)</td>
<td>- If I won a million pounds, I would travel around the world.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(improbable)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Modal (could, might,...) + Verb</td>
<td>- He’d tell her if he knew the truth.</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If it stopped raining, we could go out.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Third conditional</td>
<td>Past Perfect</td>
<td>Would ( = ‘d) + have + Past perfect</td>
<td>- If you had told us, we would have helped you.</td>
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<tr>
<td>(impossible)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Modal (could, might,...) + have + past perfect</td>
<td>- If the weather hadn’t been so bad, we might have gone out.</td>
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**WISH CLAUSES**

Wish y if only pueden usarse de la misma forma. If only con frecuencia se usa para dar más énfasis al deseo o lamento.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FORMA</th>
<th>USO</th>
<th>EJEMPLOS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Wish + would / Could + Verb</td>
<td>Normalmente hace referencia al futuro. Queja sobre el presente o deseo de cambio.</td>
<td>- I wish he <strong>could be</strong> here tomorrow.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- <strong>Would</strong> cuando el sujeto de la oración condicional es distinto del de wish.</td>
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<td>- I wish she <strong>wouldn’t drive</strong> so fast.</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Si usamos <strong>could</strong> en vez de <strong>would</strong>, el sujeto puede ser el mismo.</td>
<td></td>
<td>- I wish it <strong>would stop</strong> raining.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wish + past simple</td>
<td>Lamento sobre una situación presente.</td>
<td>- I wish I <strong>knew</strong> her phone number. (I’m sorry I don’t know her number)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- I wish Peter <strong>were / was</strong> here now. (Both forms are possible)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wish + past perfect</td>
<td>Lamento sobre una situación pasada.</td>
<td>- I wish I <strong>hadn’t spent</strong> all my money. (I’m sorry I spent all my money)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- If only I <strong>hadn’t eaten</strong> so much cake. (I really feel ill because I ate too much cake.)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
A) REWRITE THE SENTENCES USING THE WORDS GIVEN:

1.- Unfortunately, the teacher won’t cancel the English test.
   I wish .................................................................

2.- Joe is sorry that he ate all the chocolates.
   Joe wishes .............................................................

3.- I don’t know the answer.
   I wish .................................................................

4.- I’m sad that we don’t have a dog.
   I wish .................................................................

5.- Our team didn’t practise enough so we lost.
   We wish ...............................................................

6.- She told them a lie.
   She wishes .............................................................

7.- I don’t have any water with me. I’m really thirsty!
   I wish .................................................................

8.- My parents think Mark is impolite.
   I wish .................................................................

9.- The shoes I bought were uncomfortable.
   I wish .................................................................

10.- Paul wants Kate to notice him.
    Paul wishes ...........................................................

11.- All her friends ski so well.
    She wishes ..............................................................

12.- Daniel spent all his pocket money, and he has got none left.
    He wishes ..............................................................

13.- Their neighbour’s car makes a terrible noise.
    They wish ..............................................................

14.- I really want a computer.
    I wish my father ..........................................................
B) FILL IN THE CORRECT FORM OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS:

1.- If we …………………………….. (visitar) London next summer, we …………………………… (ir) to see some shows.
2.- If you …………………………….. (no decir) me about the sale last week, I …………………………… (no comprar) so many new clothes.
3.- What ……………………………………… (you/ hacer) if you ……………………………………… (está) in my position?
4.- She ……………………………………… (no venir) tomorrow unless you …………………………… (invitar) her.
5.- I …………………………………………… (visitar) you in hospital if I …………………………… (saber) you were ill.
6.- If the weather …………………………….. (ser) fine tomorrow, we …………………………… (tener) a barbecue.
7.- If I ………………………………………… (tener) enough money last month, I …………………………… (comprar) a ticket for the football match.
8.- If the temperature …………………………….. (baja) below zero, water …………………………… (congelar).
9.- Tom …………………………….. (viajar) around the world if he …………………………… (tener) more money but he doesn’t have much money.
10.- Jennifer and I met for the first time at Luke’s party. If we …………………………… (no ir) to his party, we …………………………… (never conocerse).
11.- If the driver ………………………………… (no quedarse) asleep at the wheel, he …………………………… (no causar) the accident.
12.- What …………………………………… (you/ hacer) if you …………………………… (encontrar) one thousand euros in the street?
13.- Melissa ………………………………………… (no aprobar) her exams if she …………………………… (no trabajar) harder next term.
14.- They …………………………………………… (llegar) on time if they …………………………… (coger) the earlier train yesterday.

C) COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITHOUT CHANGING THE MEANING:

1.- I bought this digital camera because the shop assistant recommended it.
2.- In order to be home by midnight, we should leave the party at 11.30.
3.- Jason didn’t go on the trip because he was ill.
4.- Because she practises every day, Emma is an excellent guitar player.
5.- They wanted to go to the shopping centre today, but they had to do homework instead.
6.- The Browns want to buy a new car, but they haven’t got enough money.
7.- The runner twisted his ankle because he fell.
8.- Water that reaches a temperature of 0 degrees, freezes.
9.- Diana was late for work because she woke up late.
10. She isn’t tall; that’s why she can’t reach that shelf.
11. They bought the cheapest computer because they didn’t have any more money.
12. You eat too many sweets and that’s the reason your clothes don’t fit.
13. I went to sleep very late last night because I was so excited.
14. I don’t know the answer; that’s why I can’t help you.
D) COMPLETE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES WITH LOGICAL ENDINGS:

1. If he had applied for that job, ................................................................. .
2. We would visit them if ................................................................. .
3. If I had a brother, ................................................................. .
4. I can’t help you unless ................................................................. .
5. She will be very happy if ................................................................. .
6. Unless your behaviour improves, ................................................................. .
7. I would learn more if ................................................................. .
8. You wouldn’t have enjoyed the party if ................................................................. .
9. If she went to school more often, ................................................................. .
10. She would be more popular if ................................................................. .
12. Dan would have known about the accident if ................................................................. .
13. If I were you, ................................................................. .
14. I’ll go to the cinema with you unless ................................................................. .