

Os materiais imprescindibles en 2º Bacharelato serán os seguintes:

TRENDS Bachillerato 2. Student's Book (Burlington Books) e textos da proba de acceso á Universidade para facer pola súa conta.

Realizaranse tres probas de avaliación formativa ao longo do curso (dúas unidades por avaliación).

As probas constarán dun exame similar ás probas de acceso á Universidade de Galicia e rexiranse polo mesmo baremo e puntuación publicado pola CIUG no seu momento.

Non haberá probas de recuperación porque a aprendizaxe dunha lingua é un proceso continuo e polo tanto se considera que cada avaliación recupera por si mesma a anterior.

As probas serán únicamente escritas dadas as características destas ensinanzas.

Contidos

- Expresión de relacións lóxicas: conxunción (*neither ... nor*); disxunción (*either ... or*); oposición / concesión (*only (it didn't work)*; *despite / in spite of + NP / VP / sentence*); causa (*because (of)*; *due to*; *as*; *since*); finalidade (*so as not to*); comparación (*as / not so Adj. as*; *far less tiresome/much more convenient (than)*; *the best by far*); resultado / correlación (*such ... that*); condición (*if*; *unless*; *in case*; *supposing*); estilo indirecto (*reported statements, questions, orders,, suggestions; reporting verbs*).
- Relacións temporais (*(just) as*; *while: once (we have finished)*).
- Afirmación (*emphatic affirmative sentences, e. g. I do love classic music; tags, e. g. I should have*).
- Exclamación (*What + noun (+ sentence)*, e. g. *What a nuisance (he is)!*; *How + Adv. + Adj.*, e. g. *How very extraordinary!*; *exclamatory sentences and phrases, e. g. Gosh, it is freezing!*).
- Negación (e. g. *Nope; Never ever; You needn't have*).
- Interrogación (*Wh- questions; Aux. Questions; Says who? Why on earth did she say that?; tags*).

- Expresión do tempo: pasado (*Past Simple and Continuous; Present Perfect Simple and Continuous; Past Perfect Simple and Continuous*); presente (*Present Simple and Continuous*); futuro (*Future Simple; Present Continuous + Adv.; Future Continuous; Future Perfect Simple; be going to*).

- Expresión do aspecto: puntual (*simple tenses*); durativo (*Present and Past Simple / Perfect; Future Continuous*); habitual (*simple tenses (+ Adv.); used to; would*); incoativo (*start/begin by -ing*); terminativo (*cease -ing*).

- Expresión da modalidade: factualidade (*declarative sentences*); capacidade (*it takes / serves ...*); posibilidade / probabilidade (*can; could; may; might*); necesidade (*want; take; have to / don't have to; need to / needn't; must*); obrigación (*need / needn't; have to / don't have to; must*); intención (*be thinking of -ing*); peticións (*can, could; may, would*); habilidade (*can / can't, be able to; could*); prohibición (*can't, musn't*); consello e recomendacións (*should; ought to*); suxestións (*could*); dedución (*can't; could have; couldn't have; may / might have; must have; should / ought to have; shouldn't have; would have*).

- Expresión da existencia (e. g. *there must have been*); a entidade (*count/uncount/collective/compound nouns; pronouns (relative, reflexive/emphatic, one(s); determiners*); a calidade (e. g. *bluish; nice to look at*).

- Expresión da cantidade: *Number* (e. g. *some twenty people; thirty something*). *Quantity*: e. g. *twice as many; piles of newspapers; mountains of things*. *Degree*: e. g. *extremely; so (suddenly)*.

- Expresión do espazo (*prepositions and adverbs of location, position, distance, motion, direction, origin and arrangement*).

- Expresión do tempo (*points* (e. g. *back then; within a month; whenever*), *divisions* (e. g. *fortnight*), and *indications* (e. g. *earlier/later today/in the year*) of time; *duration* (e. g. *through(out) the winter; over Christmas*); *anteriority* (*already; (not) yet; long/shortly before*); *posteriority* (e. g. *later (on); long/shortly after*); *sequence* (*to begin with, besides, to conclude*); *simultaneousness* (*just then/as*); *frequency* (e. g. *rarely; on a weekly basis*).

-

