Se tedes os libros, non precisades imprimir.

Se non os tedes, os exercicios pódense facer na libreta ou nun folio.

OLLO! Esta semana tedes que enviar os exercicios das páxinas 5 e 9.

ENGLISH ACTIVITIES

6TH COURSE

WEEK 6 (27th-29thApril) Hello again!

Envíovos esta semana a corrección de actividades ... e un par de fichiñas máis .

Recordade, para correxir traballo, collede boli de color,e...

tachade o que estea mal e correxídeo



OU



NORABOA a aquelas e aqueles que me enviastes a actividade da historia!!



Esta semana tedes unha actividade para facer online na páx. 5 e outra para enviarme na páx. 9.

Se aínda non me enviastes a da semana pasada, podedes enviarme as dúas xuntas ou segundo vaiades facendo, como queirades.

É importante que fagades as actividades e que enviedes as que vos pedimos. Máis que o resultado, importa o esforzo!

Lembrade que no correo tamén me podedes preguntar as vosas dúbidas,...ou contarme calquera cousiña que queirades!

Recórdovos o correo, aínda que moitos de vós xa o estades empregando © anagamallo.xgolmar@gmail.com

No asunto poñede o voso nome, a primeira letra do voso apelido e o curso.

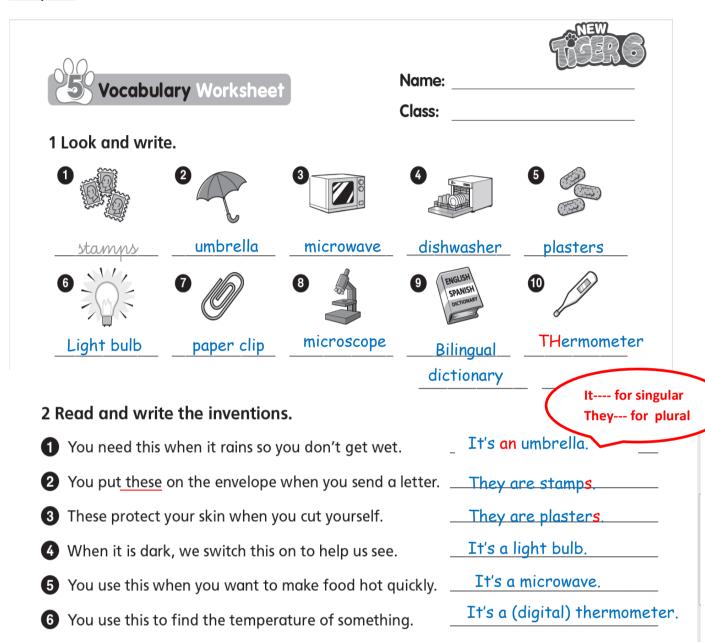


Mamás e papás, moitísimas grazas... por todo!

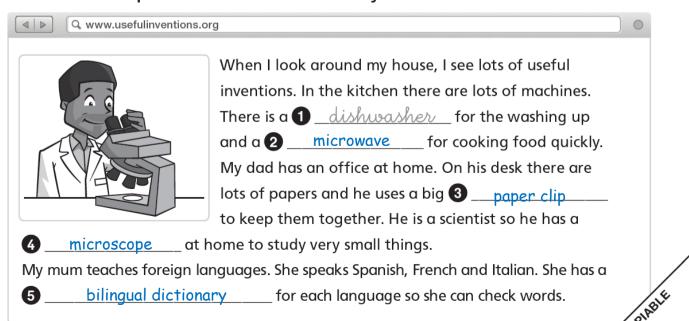
Un bico enooooorme!

Teacher Ana

Day 1: Correct the exercises you did last week



3 Read and complete. Use words from Activity 1.



INVENTIONS AND INVENTORS

ALEXANDER FLEMING

(1881-1955)

COUNTRY: SCOTLAND

JOB: DOCTOR (LONDON)

INVENTION: PENICILLIN

Alexander Fleming <u>was</u> born in 1844.

He was from Scotland, but he lived in London.

He <u>was</u> a doctor and he <u>worked</u> in a hospital.

He invented the penicillin in 1928.

He <u>died</u> in 1955, when he <u>was</u> 74 years old.

Penicillin is a medicine.

Today, we use penicillin to cure people.

Complete

was were invented lived died



G. Marconi ___ was_ born in 1874. His father _ was from Italy and his mother ___ was _ from Ireland, but he _lived_ in England. He is famous because he __invented___ the radio in 1901.

He <u>__died__</u> in 1937 in Italy, when he <u>__ was</u> 63 years old.

Bette Nesmith Graham $_$ was $_$ born in the USA

in 1924. She _ lived _ in Texas and she _ was a secretary in a bank.

She is famous because she_invented_ the liquid corrector.



She _died_ in 1980 when she __ was __ 56 years old.

Now, <u>investigate about a famous inventor or invention</u> (toma notas para facer un pequeno texto similar aos anteriores).

Let's make an experiment!! Attention, please!

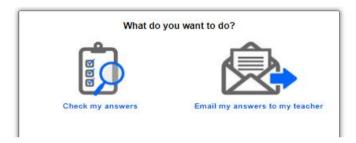


Vou poñervos un link, se funciona, cubrides a ficha que vos vai aparecer (repaso básico, moi sinxelo, pero con cousiñas que algúns de vós fallades).

Cando rematedes, clicades en

Finish!!

Entón davos dúas posibilidades:



Enviádema!! Pero... ollo! Se comprobades as respostas, tedes que facela tooooda outra vez antes de podela enviar. Só tedes que poñer nome, curso e o meu correo electrónico.

Click on the link...

https://www.liveworksheets.com/ua7530rd

Non te levou a ningún sitio? Copia esa dirección e pégaa aquí



<u>Day 2:</u> Reading: Pupil's Book, page 45: ex.4 (read), 5 (in your notebook);

and Activity Book, p.45:4

Lesson 2



Listen and read.



I love finding out about great
scientists and inventors from history. Here
are four mini-biographies about four of my
favourite inventors. Which do you think is
the most interesting?



AQAD

000

Four Inventors

Leonardo da Vinci (1452 - 1519)

Leonardo da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa, which is perhaps the most famous painting in the world. But Leonardo was also a scientist and an inventor. He invented



some musical instruments and a type of clock. He also designed this flying machine.



Josephine Cochrane (1839 – 1913)

In about 1880, Josephine Cochrane had an idea. She wanted to design a machine to wash dishes. So she studied science and mechanics. She learned how to draw. She worked on her design for six years. Finally, in 1886, her dishwashing machine was complete.



Thomas Edison (1847 – 1931)

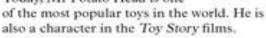
Thomas Edison invented many things. He invented the phonograph (a machine for recording sound), a type of battery and a type of car. But his most famous invention was a type of light bulb. He was not the first



person to invent a light bulb, but his design was the most efficient. Nowadays, there are light bulbs for bicycles, mobile phones, fridges and microscopes. Can you imagine life without light bulbs?

George Lerner (1922 - 1995)

In 1949, George Lerner invented a plastic toy called Mr Potato Head. At first, the toy was not a success. But in 1952, Mr Potato Head appeared in a television commercial. Then every child wanted the toy. Today, Mr Potato Head is one





THINKING SKILLS Sequencing

Put these events in chronological order.

- Leonardo da Vinci painted the Mona Lisa.
- Mr Potato Head appeared on television.
- · Thomas Edison died.
- Josephine Cochrane invented the first dishwasher.

DO IT IN YOUR NOTEBOOK!!

Εx		"	C	Δ	5	٠
$L\Lambda$	CI	U	3	C	J	•

1st	(the first):	_Leonardo da	Vinci painted	the Mona Lisa

2 ():_____

3 ():_____

4th (the fourth):

Lesson 2



Read and answer the questions. (See Pupil's Book page 45.)





1	Who invented a type of clock?	Leonardo da Vinci,				
2	Who invented a type of toy?					
3	Who invented a type of dishwasher?					
4	Who invented a type of battery?					
5	Who studied science and mechanics?					
6	Who was a painter and scientist?					
7	Who designed a flying machine?					
8	Who lived from 1847 to 1931?					
Re	Read and write the answers. (See Pupil's Book page 45.)					
1	Did Leonardo da Vinci die in 1619? No, he didn't. He died in 1519.					
2	Did Josephine Cochrane design a machine to wash clothes?					
3	Did Thomas Edison invent two things?					
4	Did George Lerner appear on television in 1953?					
5	Did Leonardo da Vinci design a washing ma	thine?				

Recorda:

6 Did Thomas Edison live from 1847 to 1931? _

Para poñer un verbo en pasado, só tés que añadir -ed. I work—I worked We live ---We lived

Speaking 5

Complete about your inventor and invention!!!

Don't use the inventors in the Pupil's Book!!

Talking about a famous person from history

U	rina out about	a tamous person	from the past, write notes.	Prepare to speak
	Name:			
	Lived (where):			
	Famous because:			
	Born (when):		Died (when):	
	Other interesting	information:		

- Match the questions and answers.
 - 1 What famous person did you find out about? -
 - 2 Why was he famous?
 - 3 Where did he live?
 - 4 When was he born?
 - 5 When did he die?
 - 6 What else do you know about him?

- Because he painted amazing abstract pictures.
- b In 1973. He was 92.
- c In France and Spain.
- d Pablo Picasso.
- His father was an art teacher.
- f In 1881.
- 3 Look at the pictures and write the names.



Hernán Cortés



Mother Teresa



Anna Pavlova



Marilyn Monroe



Neil Armstrong

was famous because she helped poor people in India.
 was famous because he was the first person to stand on the moon.

was famous because she acted in lots of films.

was famous because he explored Mexico.

was famous because she was an amazing dancer.



Write a short text about an invention and an inventor

Xa a semana pasada vos pedín que investigarades sobre un invento ou un inventor (que non sexa dos do libro).

Pois agora toca facer un texto similar aos que lestes, completastes (páx. 4).

Podedes facelo na libreta ou no ordenador, facer só o texto, debuxar ou inserir imaxes da inventora ou inventor, do invento,...

Despois enviádeme o documento ou a foto do texto na libreta ao meu correo.

anagamallo.xgolmar@gmail.com

Se aínda non enviastes a que vos pedín a semana pasada, sempre estades a tempo de facela e enviarma.

XA FALTA MENOS!!!

GANIÑAS DE VERVOS...

